## Source to Summit Year 7: Scheme of Work

esson Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
CHAPTER 1: CREATION AN	ID COVENANT			
	Vision and Mission power point to accompany Knowledge booklet on Welcome to Divinity; Pilgrims of Hope Ordinary people called to be Saints <u>Welcome to Divinity at Saint Martin.docx</u> (sharepoint.com) As a result of what happened in the Summer we will spend time on Interfaith Dialogue links with Bishop Patrick's theme of ENCOUNTER. Baseline assessment from the CMAT			Links to CSI <u>Inspection</u> documents   Catholic Schools Inspectorate

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Knowledge organiser	
Chapter 1					
1.1	How do humans know about God?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>God exists and is revealed in different ways: first, through the natural light of human reason (in the contemplation of Creation and our experience of being human) and second, through divine</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.1.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3	Year 7 1.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p7 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p7 RE1.1 Development of Knowledge,

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		revelation (by means of scripture and tradition).		Use this excisives to answer the cuestros from page 11 of Source to Summit Year 7 Student Book. Understand	understanding and skills p18
		<b>U7.1.1.</b> Define what the Catholic Church means by		For Catholis, the word "revelation" means      The example of how humans can know God through using means is by	<b>RE1.2</b> Religious Literacy p18
		'revelation' and describe different ways human beings		3 One example of dutre revelation is	CW1.5 Impact p30
		can come to know God: through the natural light of human reason and through divine revelation (see CCC 31–50).		Gathelies cell the Bible the 'word of Gaf because      The word 'testanent' means      The word 'testanent' means      The covenants sweall that God [init: This question is solving what the covenants self as about God	<b>CLM 1.5</b> Respect for self and others p4
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	CLM 1.3 Moral Development p3 RE2.6 Spiritual
				<ul> <li>1.1 How do we know about God?</li> <li>Undenstan</li> <li>(i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i)</li></ul>	and Moral Development p23 See resources from Magister on shared area
				Discers  P Igenveltages [closes on] [the this sole and leady of the solet are addition of [the solet gives research]  P Igenveltages (gives research]  P Igenveltages	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>Discen</li> <li>Students may say: I agree that the order and beauty of the world could be evidence of God since order and beauty cart just happen by chance or as a coincidence. There must be a designer behind them which is God. Or: I disagree that the beauty and order of the world is evidence of God. I think science gives a better explanation. I think that scientific theories show that everything happens according to a natural pattern that no one controls.</li> <li>Students may say: Some people might say the Bible is the best way for Catholics to know</li> </ul>	
				God because it is God's word. God's Holy Spirit inspired the Bible's writers to write what was true, so God speaks to people through the Bible and guides them in their lives. Some people might say the Bible isn't the best way for Catholics to know God as they feel God's presence in the word instead. For example, when they see how well designed or beautiful the world is, they may feel especially close to God.	

Lesson T	ïtle	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	low should we ead the Bible?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Reading scripture according to its literal sense is not the same as reading a passage literally.</li> <li>The literal sense of scripture includes understanding its literary form and the Bible contains different kinds of literary form.</li> <li>The literal sense also includes being able to identify the authorial voices of the passages.</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>'Human words always fall short of the mystery of God' (see CCC 42).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.1.3. Explain the difference between the literal and 'literalist' sense of scripture (see <i>The Interpretation of the Bible in the Church</i>, p. 82) (RVE)</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.3.</b> – Activity 4	<form><form><form></form></form></form>	RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p7 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p7 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p4 CLM 1.3 Moral Development p3 RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
					B. Jahowani Kanang B. Katala Kat. Anala Katala Kat. Anala Katala Kata
1.3	What does Genesis 1 teach about Creation?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Genesis 1:1-2:4.</li> <li>The Creation accounts exemplify one of these literary forms: symbolic story or hymn.</li> <li>The two Creation accounts are thought to have been written by different authors with different focuses, communicating some central truths about God, Creation and human beings.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.2.</b> – Activity 5	Year 7 1.3 Activity         worksheet (Foundation)	Click here or search YouTube for 'Genesis 1' by BibleProject to watch an animation explaining Genesis 1. <b>RE1.1</b> Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18
		The one, true God can be known with certainty from			<b>RE1.2</b> Religious Literacy p18

his works by reflecting on 1) Creation God is the Creator of the universe and of human beings and all that God creates is good. <b>Outcomes</b> <b>U7.1.2.</b> Recognising that when human beings speak about God that 'words always fall short of the mystery of God' (CCC 42), explain what is meant by speaking of God as the Creator and origin of all being (Acts 17:28).	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><form><form></form></form></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p7 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p7 RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 CW1.5 Impact p30 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p4 CLM 1.3 Moral Development p3 RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23
		and Moral

				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
G	What does Genesis 2 teach about creation?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Genesis 2:5-25.</li> <li>The Creation accounts exemplify one of these literary forms: symbolic story or hymn.</li> <li>The two Creation accounts are thought to have been written by different authors with different focuses, communicating some central truths about God, creation and human beings.</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>The one, true God can be known with certainty from his works by reflecting on 1) Creation</li> <li>God is the Creator of the universe and of human beings and all that God creates is good.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.3.</b> Activities 2, 3, 4, 5 <b>U7.1.4.</b> – Activity 6	<form></form>	CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p7 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p7 RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 CW1.5 Impact p30 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p4

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>U7.1.3. Explain the difference between the literal and 'literalist' sense of scripture (see <i>The Interpretation of the Bible in the Church</i>, p. 82) describing the literary form and the two different authorial voices in the first two chapters of Genesis. (RVE)</li> <li>U7.1.4. Describe what is meant by calling the Genesis Creation accounts 'symbolic stories' by making relevant connections between the first two chapters of Genesis and Catholic beliefs about God, human beings and Creation.</li> </ul>		God creates humans after all the animals, and in the second creation story. God creates man, then the animals, then woman. 9. The iteration stories literally tell us that God created the word and everything in the universe. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The literary forms used are a hymn or poem and a story. 9. The creation stories are symbolic stories because they are not literarily true but paint a picture of the story of the story of the story of the picture of the story of the story of the story of the creation stories are symbolic stories because they are not literarily true but paint a picture of the story of the story of the story of the creation stories are symbolic stories because they are not literarily true but paint a picture of the story of the story of the story of the creation difficult ideas. 9. The creation stories are symbolic stories because they are not literarily true but paint a picture of the story of the story of the story of the creates are stored to the story of the story of the story 1. Stored the story of the story of the story of the story 9. Students may say: The image of few being made from Adam's rib is helpful in thinking about the equality of me and women as Adam was made first and Eve second, from a part of Adam's rib is not helpful in thinking about the equality of the rankes her seem like she depends on him to live. 9. Students may say: The image of few being address body. It makes her seem like she depends on him to live. 10. Story of the carton stories because they god creates with spoken word, showing God is component, and in the second story for creates in a hands-on way, showing God is component, and in the second story for creates in	CLM 1.3 Moral Development p3 RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23 See resources from Magister on shared area

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 1.4 Engaging with text: Genesis 2:5– 25 commentary Year 7 1.4 Engaging with text: Genesis 2:5– 25 worksheet Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
1.5	What are the scientific theories about creation?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>The scientific accounts of the origins of the universe and Catholic beliefs about Creation are compatible, challenging both creationist and scientistic worldviews (see CCC 159 and 283)</li> </ul>		Year 7 1.5 Activity worksheet (Foundation) Use the eventees the exected server sage B of backs to known that / thedre back Understand	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Catholics and The Big Bang Theory' by Breaking In The Habit to watch a video explaining the Big Bang theory and why it matters to Catholics.
				<ul> <li>1.5. What are the scientific theories about creation?</li> <li>Understant <ul> <li>Viderstant</li> <li>(a) Constrained through the expansion of a hot, dense point of energy around 15 billion years ago.</li> <li>The theory of evolution is the scientific theory that every living thing changes, over a long period of time, to suit its environment.</li> <li>A theists might argue that the Bible creation stories are false or irrelevant, because science can tell us where the universe and everything in it came from.</li> <li>Creationism is the belief that the Bible accounts of creation are literally true.</li> </ul></li></ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Charles Darwin's theory of evolution explained' by BBC Ideas to watch an animation explaining the theory of evolution
				Discort     Other and the first second	<b>RE1.1</b> Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>Students may say: The Genesis creation stories give the lest explanation of how the universe and all life and has a plan for created image bet, that God is the source of all life and has a plan for created integration.</li> <li>Or: Scientific theories give the best explanation of how the universe and all life came to be because they are evidence-based. They are in keeping with a modern understanding of the world.</li> <li>Or: Together, both the Genesis creation stories and scientific theories give the best explanation of how the universe and all life came to be. Both are needed to explain how and why life came to be, and to give the heat understanding of the world.</li> <li>Students may say: Someone who disagrees with the set explanation of how the universe and life came to be. Both are supported by the denesis creation stories give the best explanation of how the universe and life came to be because they are evidence. They are evidence to be because they are understanding of the world.</li> <li>Students may say: Someone who disagrees with me might say that the Genesis creation stories give the best explanation of how the universe and illife came to be because. They are envidence that thumans are created imago Del, that God is the source of all life and has a plan for creation.</li> </ul>	RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 See resources on shared area from Magister

Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
			Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
What do Catholics believe about scientific theories about creation?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>The scientific accounts of the origins of the universe and Catholic beliefs about Creation are compatible, challenging both creationist and scientistic worldviews (see CCC 159 and 283)</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.1.5. Explain why Catholic teaching rejects both scientism and fundamentalist interpretations of Genesis ('creationism') in its teaching about the beginnings of the universe and the origin of human beings. (RVE)</li> <li>D7.1.1. Consider the view that the Genesis accounts of Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.5.</b> – Activities 2, 3, 4 <b>D7.1.1.</b> – Activity 6	<form></form>	RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 See resources from Magister on shared area
	What do Catholics believe about scientific theories about	What do Catholics believe about scientific theories about creation?Live• The scientific accounts of the origins of the universe and Catholic beliefs about Creation are compatible, challenging both creationist and scientistic worldviews (see CCC 159 and 283)OutcomesU7.1.5. Explain why Catholic teaching rejects both scientism and fundamentalist interpretations of Genesis ('creationism') in its teaching about the beginnings of the universe and the origin of human beings. (RVE)D7.1.1. Consider the view that the Genesis accounts of Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a	What do Catholics believe about scientific theories about creation?LiveU7.1.5 Activities 2, 3, 4What do 	What do       Live       Year 7 Chapter 1         Catholics believe about scientific accounts of the origins of the universe and Catholic beliefs about creation are compatible, challenging both creationist and scientistic worldviews (see CCC 159 and 283)       U7.1.5 Activities 2, 3, 4       Year 7 1.6 Activity worksheet (Foundation)         Outcomes       U7.1.5 Activities 2, 3, 4       Year 7 1.6 Activity       Year 7 1.6 Activity         Outcomes       U7.1.1 Activity 6       Vera 7 1.6 Activity       Worksheet (Foundation)         Ureation are compatible, challenging both creationist and scientistic worldviews (see CCC 159 and 283)       U7.1.1 Activity 6       Year 7 1.6 Activity         Outcomes       U7.1.5. Explain why Catholic teaching rejects both scientism and fundamentalist interpretations of Genesis (Creationism') in its teaching about the beginnings of the universe and the origin of human beings. (RVE)       Hours teaching about the degramations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)       Image: Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)       Image: Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)       Image: Creation are incompatible with scientific explanations for the origins of human beings and the universe and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Discret Sudents may say: A Catholic might respond a different kind of true – they reveal the respond in a different kind of true – they reveal the origin of life. Some students may suggest that we need both stories to understand the 'how' and the explanation about the creation of the world. Modern people of lath should not be expected to ignore scientific evidence. Other students might say that the Genesis stories are out of date and should be ginored now that science has proof of how the universe was created. The world has moved abondoned.	
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
1.7	What makes humans different to the rest of creation?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The one, true God can be known with certainty from his works by reflecting on 1) Creation and 2) the human person.</li> </ul>		Year 7 1.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation) Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	Click here or search YouTube for 'GCSE Human Dignity animation' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing the concept of <i>imago Dei</i> and the Catholic Social Teaching principle of human dignity.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	See resources from Magister on shared area
1.8	What is our responsibility to others?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>The four core principles of Catholic Social Teaching: dignity of the human person, common good, subsidiarity, and solidarity (see DC 84).</li> </ul>		Year 7 1.8 Activity worksheet (Foundation)         worksheet (Foundation)         worksheet (Foundation)         worksheet (Foundation)         @ Genes here be device here at the foundation         @ Genes here for the for er in the foundation         @ Merch here at the for er in the foundation         @ Merch here at the foundation of the foundatio of the foundation of the foundation of the	Click here or search YouTube for 'Catholic Social Teaching in 3 minutes' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing Catholic Social Teaching. Click here or search YouTube for 'Catholic Social Teaching: Solidarity' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing the principle of solidarity.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<text><text><text><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></text></text></text>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Catholic Social Teaching: Subsidiarity' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing the principle of subsidiarity. Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Catholic Social Teaching: Common Good' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing the principle of the common good.
				Discent     Terminipage () from our () that factors too all teal my multi-shares in our or     team of the strategy     () our owner waters or an energie()	The principle of human dignity is introduced by CAFOD in <u>this video</u> .
				Discern 6 Students may say: I think that Catholic Social Teaching could change the world because the world is unfair and units. Catholic Social Teaching could help this by encouraging people to support those in need and challenge situations that don't respect everyone equally. It could encourage people to support charities such as CAFOD, which works with communities to make sure they get the help they need, or Mary's Meals, which provides meals for school children in developing countries. Or: I don't think that Catholic Social Teaching could change the world because not everyone agrees with the four core principles. For example, atheits don't agree that humans were created in God's image and that this is why they should be treated equally. To change the world we need more people to be involved and so it will have limited success.	CAFOD has artwork for the above animations on its website under <u>Year 7</u> <u>RE resources</u> . Click <u>here</u> or search CAFOD's website for 'Climate change photopack' to download a document explaining climate change and linking it to religion and Catholic Social Teaching.
					CLM 1.4 Catholic Social Teachingp4

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
					<b>CLM 2.3</b> Sense of Community p7
					<b>CLM 2.4</b> Inclusivity p7
					<b>RE1.1</b> Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18
					<b>RE1.2</b> Religious Literacy p18
					CW1.5 Impact p30
					<b>CLM 1.5</b> Respect for self and others p4
				Voor 7 Chontor 1	<b>CLM 1.3</b> Moral Development <b>p3</b>
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	<b>RE2.6</b> Spiritual and Moral Development p23

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
1.9	What is our responsibility to the world?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Human beings are called to be stewards of Creation; stewardship is a response to both 'the cry of the earth and the cry of the poor' (<i>Laudato si'</i> 49).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.1.7. Making relevant connections with Genesis 1:1-2:25 and selected extracts from <i>Laudato Si'</i>, explain the demands of stewardship with reference to the four core principles of Catholic Social Teaching: dignity of the human person, common good, subsidiarity, and solidarity (DC 84).</li> <li>R7.1.1. Reflect on their own response to the Catholic belief that the world is made by God and that human beings have a responsibility for it. (RVE)</li> </ul>	the RED's expected	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><form><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></form></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	_
					<b>CLM 1.3</b> Moral Development <b>p3</b>

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<form><text><form><form><text></text></form></form></text></form>	RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23 See resources from Magister on shared area

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers	
1.10	What is the role of prayer?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>Prayer is the universal response of human beings to God's self-revelation; it is a response to the call to covenant relationship; it is the 'walking with God' (CCC 2569) and 'the raising of the heart and mind to God' (CCC 2559) that is 'lived by many righteous people in all religions.' (CCC 2569)</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.1.6 Describe what the Church means by 'prayer' and explain why prayer is a feature of many different religions.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.1.6.</b> – Activities 1, 4	guidance Year 7 1.10 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p9 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p10 RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p20 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p20 CW1.5 Impact p32 CW2.9 Families p36 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p7

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<form><form><form><form><form><form><form></form></form></form></form></form></form></form>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
1.11	Ethical Option: What can we do to protect creation?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Ethical and philosophical options, for example: <ul> <li>Environmental ethics</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>R7.1.2. Consider how they could show solidarity with all creatures and respond to the call to care for our common home. (RVE)</li> </ul>	<b>R7.1.2.</b> – Activity 7	<form></form>	Click here or search YouTube for 'An introduction to LiveSimply for schools' by CAFOD to watch an animation about CAFOD's LiveSimply campaign, which encourages sustainability. <b>CLM 2.3</b> Sense of Community p9 <b>CLM 2.4</b> Inclusivity p10

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>Discen</li> <li>6 One reason why everyone should focus on sustainability could be:</li> <li>ensens we won't use the earth's resources up</li> <li>it helps us to make progress and care for the planet at the same time</li> <li>it supports the world's poorest people</li> <li>it doesn't harm God's creation</li> <li>it helps us to protect people's dignity</li> <li>we all benefit from a safer world that hasn't been harmed.</li> </ul>	RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p20 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p20
				<ul> <li>One reason why everyone should not focus on sustainability or only some people should focus on sustainability could be:</li> <li>Wealthier countries have more of a responsibility to do this as they've caused more of the environmental harm</li> <li>Wealthier countries also have more money and resources so it's more possible for them to focus on sustainability</li> <li>We don't need to worry about the future, we should enjoy what we have now</li> <li>Scientists might find solutions to address sustainability in the future, so we should carry on as we are now.</li> </ul>	CW1.5 Impact p32 CW2.9 Families p36 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p4
					CLM 1.3 Moral Development p6 RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23 See resources from Magister on shared area

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
1.12	Artistic Expression Option: Can art help Catholics understand creation?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Artistic expression of beliefs about God and/or Creation, for example: <ul> <li>Donald Jackson's Genesis Frontispiece: Creation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Dutcomes</li> <li>D7.1.3. Offer an interpretation of a relevant work of art, making links with Catholic sources and beliefs about Creation. Compare and contrast it with another relevant artwork. Discuss what the makers could have intended to communicate and how effectively each conveys Catholic beliefs about Creation.</li> <li>R7.1.3. Consider how their response to the artworks studied might inspire them to think or act differently towards Creation.</li> </ul>	<b>D7.1.3.</b> – Activities 5, 6, 7 <b>R7.1.3.</b> – Activity 8	Year 7 1.12 Activity worksheet (Foundation)         Image: Control of the Control of	Click here or search YouTube for 'The Saint John's Bible' by Salt and Light Media to find a video introducing students to the Saint John's Bible. Click here or search the Library of Congress website for 'Illuminating the Word: The St John's Bible' to find an online exhibition of the artwork in the St John's Bible. <b>CLM 2.3</b> Sense of Community p9 <b>CLM 2.4</b> Inclusivity p10 <b>RE1.1</b> Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p20 <b>RE1.2</b> Religious Literacy p20

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Discern  S Dinéi Inkan dawi ha Canwa metan stay aing write edams, with set edams shaing	CW1.5 Impact p32
				In The Oracles of Adars, Field along the sectoring to dow      Convex Procedures: Constitute is all their tensors     Convex Procedures: Constitute is all their tensors      Tenson The Constitute of Adarts Tensors (Down Tensors) and     Tenson The Constitute of Adarts Tensors (Down Tensors)	<b>CW2.9</b> Families p36
					<b>CLM 1.5</b> Respect for self and others
				Discern     Sonald Jackson showed the Genesis creation story using seven vertical columns, with each column reflecting a different day of creation.     In The Creation of Adam Michaelangelo shows God creating Adam. The artwork focuses on	p7
				the creation of humans and reminds us that God made humans imago Del, which is described in the second creation account in Genesis. Genesis Frontispice ci also about creation, but is focused on the seven days of creation. While The Creation of Adam focuses	<b>CLM 1.3</b> Moral Development <b>p6</b>
				on the creation of humans, in <i>Genesis</i> Frontispiece we can see the whole of creation,	RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral
				<ul><li>which is described in the first creation account.</li><li>7 Student answers will vary.</li></ul>	Development p23
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
1.13	Lived Religion	Live	<b>D7.1.15.</b> – Activity 6 Year 7 1.13 Activity		Click <u>here</u> or search
	Option: What can we learn	Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs	<b>R7.1.4.</b> – Activity 8	worksheet (Foundation)	YouTube for 'Remembering Sister Dorothy Stang' by WDTNTV to watch a

Lesson Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
from Sr Dorothy Stang?	<ul> <li>(Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Lived religion elements, for example: <ul> <li>Life of a person who was committed to living simply, or to the Church's teaching on stewardship</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>D7.1.5. Investigate the life and work of Sr Dorothy Stang, assessing the extent to which they were a faithful response to Catholic beliefs about stewardship and human dignity.</li> <li>R7.1.4. Reflect on the life of Sr Dorothy Stang and consider how they might be inspired by her life and example.</li> </ul>		<text></text>	short news story where a close friend of Sr Dorothy Stang remembers her life. Click here or search YouTube for 'Go Green with Luana this Harvest' by CAFOD to watch a video on living in the Amazon rainforest (this video was part of CAFOD's 2021 Go Green fundraiser). CLM 2.3 Sense of Community p7 CLM 2.4 Inclusivity p7 RE1.1 Development of Knowledge, understanding and skills p18 RE1.2 Religious Literacy p18 CW1.5 Impact p30 CLM 1.5 Respect for self and others p4

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>a made earing for the reinforest and other propose if this work.</li> <li>She knew that she had a duty to stop people from destroying the rainforest so also took together to give them greater power in challenging deforestation.</li> <li>She also knew that she had a duty to care for free people. She helped to support local communities ways of the, for example by generations of formers and developing a fruit cooperative so that families could sell what to cooperative so that families could sell what for the support local developing the second second</li></ul>	CLM 1.3 Moral Development p3 RE2.6 Spiritual and Moral Development p23

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Activities answers guidance	
Assessment	Chapter 1: Creation and Covenant			To prepare students for assessment Go through KO sheet and ensure students know all the key points on this. To look at producing revision mindmaps on key areas we have covered. God, revelation, how we read the Bible, Genesis 1, Genesis 2, scientific theories of Creation, What do Catholics believe about scientific theories of Creation? What makes humans different to the rest of creation? What is our responsibility to others and the world, the role of prayer,	See also resources from Magister on shared area interview is an area interview is a area intervi

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				COLORISE Concent - Assessment Inverse inside:	
				In an any encode of analysis we have a fixed back of departed     In any encode of analysis we have a fixed back of departed     In any encode of analysis we have a fixed back of departed by the encode of th	
				Sef excession checklist  Set on your survey to be a transmitted by the transmitted by th	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	
				<ul> <li>Surveys were to alload the new solution to first the new parameters are negative to exact the new parameters and the new parameters are negative to exact the new parameters are negative to exact the negative to exact the new parameters are negative to exact the negative to</li></ul>	
				<section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header>	
				part in the short of segment.     The second segment of segme	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer booklet Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme Year 7 Chapter 1 Knowledge quiz Year 7 Chapter 1 Knowledge organiser retrieval quiz	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RED	Key vocabulary	Year 7 Chapter 1 Key vocabulary quiz	
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Key vocabulary matching activity worksheet	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer booklet	
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
	Extended writing activity			Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer booklet	
				Year 7 Chapter 1 Assessment answer	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				guidance and mark scheme	
				Creativity <u>WYD Website</u> <u>(worldyouthsunday.org</u> )	
				<u>World Youth Fun Day</u> 2023 - 24th November - 9:30am - 2:00pm - YouTube	
				To have lessons to introduce students to the importance of Advent.	
				Resources to share with students throughout Advent.	
				Advent links to show to students <u>WATCH:</u>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Advent in Two Minutes -	
				Busted Halo	
				Advent resources for	
				secondary schools	
				(cafod.org.uk)	
				Reconciliation service .p	
				df (ctfassets.net)	
				Advent Celebration of t	
				he word 2023 Presenta	
				tion.pptx (live.com)	
				Advent Deseurees	
				Advent Resources - Busted Halo there is a	
				variety of resources you	
				may wish to use with	
				your classes.	
				<u>A Lesson in Waiting: An</u>	
				Advent Retreat - Busted	
				Halo The Advent retreat could be used in class or	
				in the Chapel.	
				<u>3 Ways to Practice Hope</u> - Busted Halo	
				Advent calendar to use in	
				our lessons	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Advent calendar for young people 2023 (cafod.org.uk	
				Happy New Year powerpoint shared with all classes	
				<image/>	
				Control of the second sec	
				<b>Do Now</b> Write 5 key words that you can remember from last term Write 5 key words that you can remember from last term ince August. Can you make connections with different topics? As a class share your ideas and add any new points in green per.	
				Maxima di naming in Salahing tanànén ta manané ng man paoji Labat ang na paoli ni talahing na teri pao hamang taon dagana Labat ang na taohi ang nahari di namo namina Labat dina dia paoli ni nati hana kakat paoji Ang hama teri matana di na paoli nami kakat paoji na Labat dina dia matana di nami kakat paoji na	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Listen to Pope Francis' New Year Message. Pope Francis' new year message – YouTube Write down 5 points you can take away from his message at the start of this new Year.	
				<image/> <section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	
				This match us will calculate the factor of 35 Thread Againets a remember of what we dol factor Thread Againets a remember of what we dol factor Thread Againets are replaced Thread Againet are replaced Thread Aga	
				Control         <	
				<section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Indee are the themes and virtues for this term. Creative task: could you think of a mission task that students could carry out for the weekly theme and Virtue.	
				Have can we be like 54 Martin more tisy year?	
				Y A WAY WAY WAY WAY WAY WAY WAY WAY WAY	
CHAPTER 2:	PROPHECY AND P				
Chapter 2				Year 7 Chapter 2 Knowledge organiser	
				<section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	
				Key vocabulary	
				Homework Sheet	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Week 1	
				learn 1-6	
				Weels 2	
				Week 2	
				learn 7-12	
				Week 3learn 13-19	
				Week 4	
				learn 20-27	
				Week 5	
				learn 28-33	
				Read through the key vocabulary words and their definitions.	
				THEN a) cover the left-hand column with	
				a sheet of	
				paper. Read the definition	
				and see if	
				you can	
				remember	
				the key	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				vocabulary term. OR b) cover the right-hand column with a sheet of paper. Read the key vocabulary term and try to describe what it means.	
2.1	How do you navigate the Bible?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The Bible is a library of books, written in different literary forms, by different human authors.</li> <li>How to navigate the Bible and find a Bible reference.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.2.2 Show an understanding of the structure of the Bible by being able to accurately find a passage using a Bible reference</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.2.</b> – Activity 3, 4	Year 7 2.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)      Water the output of the the out	See resources from shared area from Magister

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				2.1 How do you navigate the Bible?	
				<ul> <li>Understand</li> <li>The Bibble is like a library, because it contains many smaller books within itself.</li> <li>The main theme of the New Testament is the New Covenant that God made with humans the dod made with humans the early Clutter of Jesus and shows humans the early Clutter of Jesus and shows the early Clutter of Jesus and shows how the early Clutter of Jesus and shows the taing State make up a Bible creates this passage can be found in chapter 1 and 5-25 indicate the specific verse. For example, in Luke 1:5-25: Luke is the book, 1 shows that this passage can be found in chapter 1 and 5-25 indicate the specific verse this passage covers.</li> <li>The first words of Luke 10:9 are 'Heal the side that sake sight' (ESV-CE). Words may vary slightly if a different version of the Bible is used.</li> </ul>	
				Determ Suddents may say: One reason why it is easy to leave and structure, which means that you which means that you which where to had, and the restaments. Also, as each you which houses have a specific book, chapter and you which houses are books and the full where the to had and new restaments. Also, as each you which houses have a specific book, chapter and you which houses are which so actions a specific book. The top of	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
2.2	Why is the Bible read in translation?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>That the Bible was written in Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek and that there are many English translations</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.2.3 Identify the original languages of the Bible, recognising that the Bible is read in translation, that there are many different English translations, and understand the difference a translation can make to how a passage is understood. (RVE Bible in Welsh)</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.3.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4	<form></form>	Click here or search YouTube for 'History of Bible Translation' by BibleProject to watch a video giving a brief history of the translation of the Bible. Click here or search the Britannica website for 'Biblical translation' to read about the history of the translation of the Bible. See resources from Magister on shared area

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				Decen     end     end	
				might try reading different translated versions to see which one you prefer. Or: I do not think it is important to recognise that the Bible is a translated text as the Bible is the word of God, written by people who were inspired by the Holy Spirit. This means that, even in translation, the Bible still has special authority as it comes from God. answer respond question share with the class	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
2.3	How is the Bible is a library of books?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>What is meant by the phrase 'the canon of scripture', and</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.2.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.3 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> to read a summary of the

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>the names and order of the books in the canon (see CCC 120).</li> <li>The Bible is a library of books, written in different literary forms, by different human authors.</li> <li><b>Outcomes</b></li> <li><b>U7.2.2.</b> Show an understanding of the structure of the Bible recognising that the books of the Bible are written by different human authors and identifying different literary forms within it (e.g. law, prophecy, Gospel, letters).</li> <li><b>U7.2.4.</b> Explain what is meant by the canon of scripture, identifying the names and order of the bible is merely a human creation, and construct a Catholic response to this view, with reference to <i>Dei Verbum</i> 9. (RVE)</li> <li><b>R7.2.2.</b> Create an artistic expression of scripture that reflects its personal meaning for them.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.4.</b> – Activities 5, 6 <b>D7.2.1.</b> – Activity 7 <b>R7.2.2</b> – Activity 9	<text><form></form></text>	contents of the Bible on the BBC website. Click here or search CAFOD's website for 'Romero Cross reflective activity' for an artistic activity in which students can decorate a cross with symbols of their community. See resources also on shared area from Magister

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>therefore every word they words is exactly what God wanted them to write. De' Verburn says, 'Sacred Scripture is the word of God inasmuch as it is consigned to writing under the inspiration of the divine Spirit.' This means that humans did create the Bible, but fundamentally the words in the Bible are God's - and due to the guidance of the Holy. Spirit, the Bible writers made no errors.</li> <li>Students may say: Yes, it is important to understand that there are different literary forms in the Bible, because it can help people to understand what each book is trying to teach and carvey. It can help people use the Bible more effectively. It can help people use the Bible out of context and using them in a way they were not intended to be used. It can also help people to understand the purpose of each book and what it reveals about God's lowing plan of salvation.</li> <li>Or: No, I d onot think it is important to understand that the ear different literary forms in the Bible, as the Bible is the actual word of God. Therefore, the context and a ming the samingless, as they were guided to know what to write by the Holy Spirit; their context and an engline of salvation.</li> <li>Or: No, I d onot think it is important to understand that there are different literary forms in the Bible, as the Bible is the actual word of God. Therefore, the context and an intention of the authors is meaningless, as they were guided to know what to write by the Holy Spirit; their context had no effect on the words they wrote.</li> <li>studeents to answer respond question and share with the classs.</li> </ul>	
2.4	What connects the Hebrew Bible and the Old Testament?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>Many books in the Old Testament also make up the Hebrew scriptures (the Tanakh) of the Jewish people, who arrange and interpret them differently</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.2.5recognising that many books in the Old Testament also make up the Hebrew scriptures (the Tanakh) of the Jewish people, who arrange and interpret them differently. (RVE)</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.5.</b> – Activities 2, 3	Year 7 2.4 Activity     worksheet     (Foundation)	Click here or search the Britannica website for 'Hebrew Bible' to read about the contents and significance of the Tanakh. See also resources from Magister on shared area

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				<ul> <li>2.4 What connects the Hebrew Bible and the Old Testament?</li> <li>Understan</li> <li>Ine three parts to the Hebrew Bible are: the Torah, the Nevi'm and the Ketuvim.</li> <li>2. The Tanakh and the Old Testament are similar as they share many of the same books, for example the first five books of the Old Testament has 46.</li> <li>3. The Tanakh contains 24 books and the Old Testament has 46.</li> <li>The Tanakh is arranged differently as it does not contain the deuterocanonical texts of the Old Testament has 46.</li> <li>4. One reason why the scriptures of the Tanakh are important for Jews is that they believe scripture is the way that God speaks to and instructs them.</li> <li>A second reason why they are important is that the scriptures in the Torah are believed by many Jews to have been given to Moses</li> </ul>	
				Dicem	
				directly from God, therefore they have authority. Discen Students may say: Jesus has on the off off Testament irrelevant for Christians as he off Testament. This means that the Old Testament contains information about Jesus that the New Testament does not have. The Old Testament is also the beginning of salvation history, which helps to explain Jesus' role in salvation. Students to answer respond question.	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
2.5	Why is the Old Testament	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>God is revealed in the Old Testament as well as the</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.5.</b> – Activities 1, 4	Year 7 2.5 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	Click <u>here</u> for a summary of the contents, role and significance of the

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	important for Catholics?	New and the Old Testament has its own intrinsic value <b>Outcomes</b> <b>U7.2.5</b> Describe the difference between the Old and New Testament, and recognise the value the Church places on the Old Testament as an indispensable part of		Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance	Bible on the BBC Bitesize website.
2.6	What does it mean that scripture is inspired?	<ul> <li>revelation</li> <li>Believe <ul> <li>Scripture is inspired ('Godbreathed'): God is its author and God chose human beings with their own gifts, talents and particular contexts as true authors, to write everything and only those things which God wanted.</li> <li>Scripture teaches 'faithfully and without error that truth which God wanted put into sacred writings for the sake of salvation' (<i>Dei Verbum</i> 11)</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.2.6. Explain what it means to say that scripture is inspired and without error (see 2 Tim 3:16-17 &amp; <i>Dei Verbum</i> 11), describing the relationship between God's authorship of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.6.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.6 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> to access the full text of <i>Dei</i> <i>Verbum</i> .

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
2.7	What is sacred scripture and sacred tradition?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Dei Verbum 9: relationship between scripture, tradition and the magisterium</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>God reveals Godself through scripture and tradition, which is called 'special revelation'.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Year 7 2.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'What is the Catholic Magisterium?' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the magisterium.
2.8	How are scripture, tradition and the magisterium connected?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Dei Verbum 9: relationship between scripture, tradition and the magisterium</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.2.1. Describe the relationship between scripture, tradition and the magisterium, with reference to <i>Dei Verbum</i> 9.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.1.</b> – Activity 3	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.8 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 2.8 Engaging with text: Dei Verbum 9 and 11 commentary</li> <li>Year 7 2.8 Engaging with text: Dei Verbum 9 and 11 worksheet</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
2.9	How do Catholics use scripture in the Mass?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>By the end of this unit of study students will know:</li> <li>How Catholics use scripture in the liturgy: the structure of the Mass and the place of the Liturgy of the Word as one of the two great parts of the Mass (see CCC 1346, 'the table of the Word of the Lord and the body of the Lord')</li> </ul>	<b>U7.2.7.</b> – Activities 2, 3 <b>R7.2.1.</b> – Activity 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.9 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
2.10	How is scripture used in the Rosary?	Outcomes U7.2.7 Describe one of the ways in which scripture is used in prayer and explain its importance throughout the celebration of Mass, and particularly in the Liturgy of the Word. R7.2.1. Experience using scripture in prayer and liturgy. Celebrate • One of the ways in which scripture is used in prayer, e.g.: - the Rosary Outcomes U7.2.7. Describe one of the ways in which scripture is used in prayer and explain its importance throughout the celebration of Mass, and particularly in the Liturgy of the Word.	<b>U7.2.7.</b> – Activities 2, 3	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.10 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'The Meaning of "Rosary" and "Rosary Beads"" by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the meaning of the word 'rosary'. Click here or search the CAFOD website for 'Advent calendar for young people' to learn ways in which some Catholics reflect on scripture during Advent.
2.11	Artistic Expression Option: How does the Book of Kells reflect the meaning of scripture?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Artistic expressions of the meaning and importance of Scripture, for example:</li> </ul>	<b>D7.2.2.</b> – Activity 5 <b>D7.2.3.</b> – Activity 4 <b>R7.2.3.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 2.11 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or click on 'Book of Kells' in the menu bar of the Trinity College Dublin website and scroll down to find a video gallery with some short clips about the historical background of the Book of Kells.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>Book of Kells (9th century)</li> <li>Outcomes</li> </ul>			
		<b>D7.2.2.</b> Assess the extent to which different artistic presentations of sacred scripture (such as the <i>Book of Kells, The Lindisfarne Gospels, The Garima Gospels</i> ) is an expression both of the Church's teaching about sacred scripture and of a particular Christian community's culture.			
		<ul> <li>D7.2.3. Consider the view that the words of the text are enough and require no illustrations and construct a Catholic response to this.</li> <li>R.7.2.3. Consider how their response to the artistic expression of scripture might inspire them to think or act differently towards scripture.</li> </ul>			
2.12	Lived Religion Option: What are biblical idioms?	Live Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying  Lived religion elements, for example: - The presence and impact of Biblical idioms in cultural life		<ul> <li>Year 7 2.12 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 2 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search for '18 everyday expressions borrowed from the Bible' on the Mental Floss website to find more examples of biblical idioms.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
Assessment	Chapter 2: Prophecy and Promise			Year 7 Chapter 2     Assessment answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 2 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
				Year 7 Chapter 2     Knowledge quiz	
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RED	Key vocabulary	Year 7 Chapter 2     Key vocabulary quiz	
				Year 7 Chapter 2     Key vocabulary     matching activity     worksheet	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 2     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 2 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
	Extended writing activity			Year 7 Chapter 2     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 2 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
CHAPTER	3: FROM GALILEE 1	O JERUSALEM			
Chapter 3				Year 7 Chapter 3     Knowledge     organiser	
3.1	What is the Incarnation?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>The Nicene Creed, articles 2-4.</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>Jesus, the incarnate God, is the fullness of revelation, in whom God says all there is to say (CCC 65 &amp; 102).</li> <li>Jesus is the Word made flesh, the Son of God who became truly human while remaining truly God. Jesus Christ is true God and true man.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.3.1. Describe Catholic beliefs about Jesus and the incarnation, explaining the Church teaching about why 'the Word became flesh', making links with Articles 2-4 of the Nicene Creed.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.1.</b> – Activity 3	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'The Meaning of the Incarnation in Christianity' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the Incarnation. Click here to read a summary of Catholic beliefs about the Incarnation in the Catechism of the Catholic Church (CCC 456–483).
3.2	Who is Jesus, the Son of God?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Texts that refer to titles of Jesus: <ul> <li>Son of God, e.g. Mk 1:9-11.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The ways in which the titles of Jesus are uniquely ascribed to him when compared with the use of</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.3.</b> – Activity 1 <b>U7.3.4.</b> – Activities 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.2 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> to read an explanation of Catholic beliefs in Jesus as the Son of God in the Catechism of the Catholic Church (CCC 441–445).

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		equivalent titles in the Old Testament: Son of God (e.g. Ps 2:7, 2 Sam 7:14).			
		Believe			
		• Jesus is Christ the Lord and the Only Begotten Son of God (the second Person of the Holy Trinity) made flesh, fully God and fully human.			
		Outcomes			
		<b>U7.3.3.</b> Explain why the Church describes Jesus asOnly Begotten Son of God (see CCC 441-45, YC 74).			
		<b>U7.3.4.</b> Describe passages from scripture where each of the following titles of Jesus are used:Son of God and explain what the use of each title reveals about Jesus, making relevant connections between these titles when applied to Jesus and their use in the Old Testament.			
3.3	What did Arius teach about Jesus?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The meaning of 'heresy' as defined by the Church (CCC 2089).</li> <li>The Nicene Creed expresses the Church's true faith about Jesus, as against Arian teaching about Jesus.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.2.</b> – Activities 2, 4	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.3 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Rowan Williams Arius: Heresy and Tradition' posted by In Unitatem Fidei to listen to Rowan Williams (a former Archbishop of Canterbury) explaining the Trinity
		<b>U7.3.2.</b> Explain what is meant by describing Jesus as 'true God and true man' and why the			and the idea of heresy.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		Church rejected Arius's account of the Son's relationship to the Father.			Click here or search YouTube for 'Early Challenges (Part 3) Father and Son are Equal – Sketchy Catholicism' by SketchyCatholicism to watch a video explaining Arianism.
3.4	Who is Jesus, the Son of Man?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Texts that refer to titles of Jesus: <ul> <li>Son of Man, with reference to the following meanings:</li> <li>Suffering and service, e.g. Mk 10:35-45; Authority, e.g. Mk 2:1-12; Eschatology, e.g. Mk 14:53-65.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The ways in which the titles of Jesus are uniquely ascribed to him when compared with the use of equivalent titles in the Old Testament: Son of Man (e.g. Psalm 8:4, Daniel 7:13-14).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.3.4. Describe passages from scripture where each of the following titles of Jesus are used: Son of Man and explain what the use of each title reveals about Jesus, making relevant connections between these titles when applied to Jesus and their use in the Old Testament.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.4.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3 <b>D7.3.2.</b> – Activity 4	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.4 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 3.4 Engaging with text: Mark 14:53-65 commentary</li> <li>Year 7 3.4 Engaging with text: Mark 14:53-65 worksheet</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'Why Jesus Called Himself the Son of Man' by BibleProject to watch a video exploring the title Son of Man.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<b>D7.3.2.</b> Consider the view that Jesus was merely a nice man, and construct a Catholic response to this, with reference to the passages studied.			
3.5	Who is Jesus, the Christ and Son of David?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Texts that refer to titles of Jesus: <ul> <li>Christ/Son of David, e.g. Mk 10:46-52, Mk 11:1-11.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The ways in which the titles of Jesus are uniquely ascribed to him when compared with the use of equivalent titles in the Old Testament:Son of David/Christ (e.g. 1 Kings 9:5, 2 Sam 7:16)</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.3.3. Explain why the Church</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.3.</b> – Activities 1, 2 <b>U7.3.4.</b> – Activities 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.5 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> to read an explanation of Catholic beliefs in Jesus as Christ in the Catechism of the Catholic Church (CCC 436–440).
		<ul> <li>describes Jesus as Christ (see CCC 436-440, YC 73)</li> <li>U7.3.4. Describe passages from scripture where each of the following titles of Jesus are used:Son of David/Christ and explain what the use of each title reveals about Jesus, making relevant connections between these titles when applied to Jesus and their use in the Old Testament.</li> </ul>			
3.6	Who is Jesus, the Lord?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Texts that refer to titles of Jesus:</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.3.</b> – Activity 4 <b>U7.3.4.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 5	• Year 7 3.6 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	Click <u>here</u> to read an explanation of Catholic beliefs in Jesus as the Lord in the Catechism

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>Lord, e.g. Jn 21:1-13.</li> <li>The ways in which the titles of Jesus are uniquely ascribed to him when compared with the use of equivalent titles in the Old Testament:Lord (e.g. Ex 3:14, Amos 5:18).</li> </ul>		Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance	of the Catholic Church (CCC 446-451).
		Outcomes			
		<b>U7.3.3.</b> Explain why the Church describes Jesus asLord (see CCC 446-451, YC 75)			
		<b>U7.3.4.</b> Describe passages from scripture where each of the following titles of Jesus are used: Son of Man,Christ, and Lord and explain what the use of each title reveals about Jesus, making relevant connections between these titles when applied to Jesus and their use in the Old Testament.			
3.7	What is the	Believe	<b>U7.3.5.</b> – Activities 1,	• Year 7 3.7 Activity	Click <u>here</u> to read a
	Trinity?	• God is Trinity, one God in three Divine persons.	4	worksheet (Foundation)	summary of the Trinity on the BBC Bitesize website.
		Outcomes		<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers</li> </ul>	
		<b>U7.3.5.</b> Describe what the Church understands by the doctrine of the Trinity: one God in three Divine Persons, explaining the connection between the doctrines of the Trinity and the Incarnation.		guidance	
3.8	How does Catholic worship reflect	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The meaning of the phrase 'lex orandi, lex credendi'.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.6.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.8 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'The Meaning of the Sign of

		the RED's expected outcomes		Further reading and resources
belief in the Trinity?	<ul> <li>That Catholic prayer is always Trinitarian (see CCC 2664).</li> <li>How the Church prays her beliefs about the Holy Trinity in the Mass, for example:         <ul> <li>Sign of the Cross in the Name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (cf. CCC 233)</li> <li>Nicene Creed</li> <li>Sanctus: 'Holy, Holy, Holy Lord'.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>R7.3.2.</b> – Activity 8	• Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance	the Cross' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the meaning of the Sign of the Cross. Click <u>here</u> to read the section of the Catechism of the Catholic Church titled 'The way of prayer' (CCC 2663–2679).
	<b>U7.3.6.</b> Describe the meaning of the phrase 'lex orandi, lex credendi' and give examples to show that Christian prayer is always Trinitarian in character. <b>R7.3.2.</b> Reflect on the ways			
How is Jesus the perfect human being?	<ul> <li>in addressing their prayer to.</li> <li>Believe <ul> <li>The Word became flesh in order to save us: by revealing God's love to us, by offering a model of holiness and so that we might become partakers of the divine nature (see CCC 456-460).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Live <ul> <li>Jesus is the model of perfect human living and that</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>U7.3.7.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4 <b>D7.3.1.</b> – Activity 6 <b>R7.3.1.</b> – Activity 8	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.9 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'GCSE Human Dignity animation' by CAFOD to watch an animation introducing the concept of <i>imago Dei</i> and the Catholic Social Teaching principle of human dignity. Click here or visit the CAFOD Year 7 RE resources webpage to download a story
	the perfect	beliefs about the Holy Trinity in the Mass, for example: - Sign of the Cross in the Name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (cf. CCC 233) - Nicene Creed - Sanctus: 'Holy, Holy, Holy Lord'.Outcomes U7.3.6. Describe the meaning of the phrase 'lex orandi, lex credendi' and give examples to show that Christian prayer is always Trinitarian in character.R7.3.2. Reflect on the ways they pray and the titles they use in addressing their prayer to.How is Jesus the perfect human being?Believe • The Word became flesh in order to save us: by revealing God's love to us, by offering a model of holiness and so that we might become partakers of the divine nature (see CCC 456-460).Live • Jesus is the model of perfect	beliefs about the Holy Trinity in the Mass, for example: - Sign of the Cross in the Name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (cf. CCC 233) - Nicene Creed - Sanctus: 'Holy, Holy, Holy Lord'.Outcomes U7.3.6. Describe the meaning of the phrase 'lex orandi, lex credendi' and give examples to show that Christian prayer is always Trinitarian in character.How is Jesus the perfect human being?BelieveHow is Jesus the perfect human being?BelieveU7.3.1. Activities 1, 2, 3, 4U7.3.1 Activity 6 R7.3.1 Activity 8	beliefs about the Holy Trinity In the Mass, for example: - Sign of the Cross in the Name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (cf. CCC 233) - Nicene Creed - Sanctus: 'Holy, Holy, Holy Lord'

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		Outcomes U7.3.7. Explain why the Church teaches that Jesus is the model of perfect human living, making links with the Catholic Social Teaching principle of the dignity of the human person. (RVE) D7.3.1. Consider the claim that it is impossible to be fully human and be without sin and construct a Catholic response to this view, with reference to <i>Gaudium et Spes</i> 22, paragraph 2.			Democratic Republic of Congo. Click <u>here</u> to access the whole text of <i>Gaudium et Spes</i> .
		<b>R7.3.1.</b> Consider how Christ came 'not to be served but to serve' (Mk 10:45) and how they could respond to the call to serve God in others.			
3.10	Ethical Option: Can businesses act selflessly?	Live Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying: • Ethical issues arising from the contrast between being self-serving and being selfless in outwardly virtuous behaviour in charity, philanthropy, and business ethics, for example: - 'Greenwashing'	<b>D7.3.6.</b> – Activity 6 <b>R7.3.3.</b> – Activity 7	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.10 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or visit the Fairtrade Foundation website to learn more about Fairtrade.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>Corporate social responsibility programmes and corporate mission statements</li> </ul>			
		Outcomes			
		<b>D7.3.6.</b> Consider the claim that there are no acts that are truly selfless and construct a Catholic response to this. (RVE)			
		<b>R7.3.3.</b> Examine their own outwardly virtuous behaviour and consider whether it is selfserving or selfless. (RVE)			
3.11	Artistic	Live	<b>D7.3.3.</b> – Activity 5	• Year 7 3.11 Activity	
	Expression Option: What can Catholics learn from Rublev's <i>Trinity</i> ?	Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying:	<b>D7.3.4.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Artistic expressions of the Trinity:         <ul> <li>Rublev's Trinity</li> <li>`After Rublev' – Meg</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
		Wroe (Iona Abbey)			
		Outcomes			
		<b>D7.3.3.</b> Offer an interpretation of an artistic expression of the Trinity, making links with the Catholic sources and beliefs about the Trinity. Compare and contrast it with another relevant artwork. Discuss what the makers could have intended to communicate and how			

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		effectively each conveys Catholic beliefs about the Trinity. <b>D7.3.4.</b> Consider the claim that artistic expressions of the Trinity are more distorting than helpful in expressing belief about the Trinity and construct a Catholic			
3.12	Lived Religion Option: Who was Father Mychal Judge?	<ul> <li>response to this.</li> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying:</li> <li>The life and work of an individual Christian or religious order committed to living a life of humble service, for example: <ul> <li>the Franciscans: e.g. Fr Mychal Judge OFM (1933-2001).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>R7.3.4.</b> – Activity 8	<ul> <li>Year 7 3.12 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
		Outcomes R7.3.4. Explore the work of organisations dedicated to humble service and consider in what ways they could support this work. (RVE)			
Assessment	Chapter 3: Galilee to Jerusalem			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Assessment answer booklet</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Assessment answer</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				guidance and mark scheme	
				Year 7 Chapter 3     Knowledge quiz	
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RECD	Key vocabulary	Year 7 Chapter 3     Key vocabulary quiz	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Key vocabulary matching activity worksheet</li> </ul>	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 3     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 3 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	
	Extended writing activity			Year 7 Chapter 3     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 3 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
CHAPTER	4: FROM DESERT T	O GARDEN			
Chapter 4				Year 7 Chapter 4     Knowledge     organiser	
4.1	What is the Paschal Mystery?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The Paschal mystery of Christ's cross and resurrection stand at the centre of the Good News the</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.1.</b> – Activity 3	• Year 7 4.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>Church proclaims to the world.</li> <li>The Paschal mystery is this: that by his death, Christ liberates us from sin and by rising again, he opens up for us the way to a new life.</li> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The liturgy and the sacraments make present the Paschal mystery of Christ's saving death and resurrection: they are effective signs of salvation.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.4.1. Explain what the Church means when it teaches that the sacraments make present the Paschal mystery of Christ's saving death and resurrection.</li> </ul>		Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance	
4.2	What are the sacraments of the Church?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The meaning of the word 'sacrament' as defined by the Church and the names of the seven sacraments and that the Eucharist is one of the Sacraments of Initiation.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.4.1. Define a 'sacrament', identifying the seven sacraments.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.1.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.2 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Sketchy Catholicism: Sacraments' by SketchyCatholicism to watch a video about the sacraments and their effects. Click <u>here</u> or search for 'Each sacramental person' on the CAFOD website to download a story and poem about what it means for something to be 'sacramental'.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
4.3	Why was the Last Supper so important?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>The Passover Ex 12:1-14.</li> <li>Institution of the Eucharist (Lk 22:14-20).</li> <li>The 'New Testament lies hidden in the Old and the Old Testament is unveiled in the New' (see CCC 128-130, YC 17-18) and that Christ and his saving action is foreshadowed in the Old Testament.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.4.4. Recognise that Christ</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.4.</b> – Activities 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.3 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'Passover and the Mass: Remembrance Meal and Sacrifice' by Catholic Productions to watch Dr Brant Pitre, a Catholic Bible scholar, explain how Jews at the time of Christ viewed Passover.
		and his saving action is foreshadowed in the Old Testament, by making relevant connections between the Jewish Passover (Ex 12:1-14) and the Last Supper (Lk 22:14-20), with reference to CCC 1340.			
4.4	What is the Eucharist?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The Eucharist is the 'source and summit' of the Christian life (CCC 1324); all the other sacraments flow out of it and point back to it because the Eucharist contains Christ himself.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.2.</b> – Activities 1, 3, 4	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.4 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Sophia SketchPad: The Eucharist' by Sophia Institute for Teachers to watch a video on the Eucharist and its connection to the Last Supper.
		Outcomes U7.4.2. Identify the Sacrament of the Eucharist as one of the Sacraments of Initiation and explain why the Church describes it as the 'source and summit' of the Christian life.			Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'The Meaning of the Eucharist in the Catholic Church' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
					meaning of the Eucharist.
4.5	Why are there many names for the Eucharist?	Celebrate • The meaning of the word 'Eucharist' and that the Sacrament is also called 'the Breaking of Bread', 'the Lord's Supper', 'Mass' and 'Holy Communion' (see CCC 1328-1332), focusing on the different emphases conveyed by each of these titles.	<b>U7.4.6.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.5 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search the CAFOD website for 'Unit 4 Year 7 Emmaus journey' to download a PowerPoint illustrating the story of the disciples meeting Jesus on the road to Emmaus.
		Outcomes			
		<b>U7.4.6.</b> Describe the essential signs and effects of the sacrament, explaining why the sacrament is called 'Eucharist' and the meaning of the other names by which it is known: 'the Breaking of Bread', 'the Lord's Supper', 'Holy Communion', 'Mass'.			
4.6	How is Jesus	Celebrate	<b>U7.4.3.</b> – Activity 1, 2	• Year 7 4.6 Activity	Click <u>here</u> or search
	present in the Eucharist?	<ul> <li>Jesus is present in the Eucharist in the assembly of the faithful, in the Word, in the priest and, most especially, in the Blessed Sacrament (see Sacrosanctum Concilium 7).</li> <li>The presence of Jesus in the Blessed Sacrament is described as the 'real presence' not because the other modes of presence are</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.6.</b> – Activities 3, 4 <b>R7.4.2.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	YouTube for 'The Meaning of Transubstantiation in the Catholic Church' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining transubstantiation.

<ul> <li>called a sacrifice?</li> <li>Every celebration of the Eucharist makes really present the one unique sacrifice Christ offered on the cross (see CCC 1362-1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice of</li> <li>Every celebration of the Eucharist makes really present the one unique sacrifice of the cross (see CCC 1362-1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice of</li> <li>Sacrifice Christ offered on the cross (see CCC 1362-1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice of</li> </ul>	_	Further read and resource	boodle support		Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	RED content coverage	Title	Lesson
4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?Celebrate of the Eucharist and why his presence in the celebration of the Eucharist and why his presence in the Blessed Sacrament is described as 'real presence'U7.4.6. Describe the essential signs and effects of the 						<ul> <li>presence in the fullest sense: it is a <i>substantial</i> presence by which Christ makes himself wholly and entirely present (see CCC 1374)</li> <li>The essential signs of the Eucharist and its impact on</li> </ul>		
4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?Celebrate the Eucharist makes really present in the one unique sacrifice Christ offered on the cross (see CCC 1362- 1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice ofU7.4.3 Activities 2, 3• Year 7 4.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)Click here or YouTube for Y Mass a Sacrifice of4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?Celebrate second to the catholic belief that Jesus is really present in the Blessed 						Outcomes		
4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?CelebrateU7.4.3 Activities 2, 3• Year 7 4.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)Click here or s YouTube for Y Mass a sacrifice4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?CelebrateU7.4.3 Activities 2, 3• Year 7 4.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)Click here or s YouTube for Y Mass a sacrifice						which the Church teaches Jesus is present in the celebration of the Eucharist and why his presence in the Blessed Sacrament is described as 'real		
4.7Why is the Mass called a sacrifice?CelebrateU7.4.3. – Activities 2, 3Year 7 4.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)Click here or s YouTube for Y Mass a Sacrific Catholic Produ- to watch Dr B Pitre, a Catho sacrifice of the cross (see CCC 1362- 1367), which is why it is 						signs and effects of the		
<ul> <li>called a sacrifice?</li> <li>Every celebration of the Eucharist makes really present the one unique sacrifice Christ offered on the cross (see CCC 1362-1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice of</li> <li>Every celebration of the Eucharist makes really present the one unique sacrifice of</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> <li>YouTube for YouTube for YouTube</li></ul>						belief that Jesus is really present in the Blessed Sacrament and its meaning for		
Outcomes	Is the fice?' by luctions Brant blic Bible uss ot the	Click <u>here</u> or se YouTube for 'Is Mass a Sacrific Catholic Produc to watch Dr Bra Pitre, a Catholi scholar, discus whether or not Mass is a sacrif	worksheet (Foundation) Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers	•	3	<ul> <li>Every celebration of the Eucharist makes really present the one unique sacrifice Christ offered on the cross (see CCC 1362- 1367), which is why it is referred to as the sacrifice of the Mass.</li> </ul>	called a	4.7

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<b>U7.4.3.</b> Describe the ways in which the Church teaches Jesus is present in the celebration of the Eucharistexplaining why it is therefore referred to as the 'Sacrifice of the Mass'.			
4.8	Why is the structure of the Mass important?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The structure of the Mass, focusing on the Liturgy of the Eucharist as the second of the two great parts of the Mass (see CCC 1346).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.5.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.8 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
		<b>U7.4.5.</b> Describe the structure of the Mass, focusing particularly on the Liturgy of Eucharist as the second of the two great parts of the Mass (see CCC 1346), making relevant links to St Justin Martyr's letter to Antoninus Pius, AD 155 (see CCC 1345).			
4.9	How do Catholics carry Jesus into the world?	<b>Outcomes</b> <b>D7.4.1.</b> Consider the view that it is more important to serve the poor than celebrate the Eucharist and construct a Catholic response to this.	<b>D7.4.1.</b> Activities 5, 6 <b>R7.4.3.</b> – Activity 7	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.9 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
		<b>R7.4.3.</b> Consider the words of dismissal at the end of Mass and how they could respond to the different exhortations that each presents.			
4.10	What do different Christians	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The difference between Catholic beliefs about the</li> </ul>	<b>U7.4.7.</b> – Activities 1, 2	• Year 7 4.10 Activity worksheet (Foundation)	Click <u>here</u> or search the CAFOD website for 'Unit 4 Year 7

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	believe about the Eucharist?	Eucharist and the beliefs of other Christian denominations about celebrations of the Lord's Supper.	<b>D7.4.6.</b> – Activity 4	Year 7 Chapter 4     Activities answers     guidance	Eucharistic banner activity' to download an artistic activity from CAFOD, creating a Eucharistic banner
		Outcomes			based on the words of dismissal.
		<b>U7.4.7.</b> Compare and contrast Catholic beliefs about the Eucharist with the beliefs of other Christian denominations about celebrations of the Lord's Supper. (RVE)			
		<b>D7.4.6.</b> Investigate the Eucharistic practices of different Christian denominations and assess the extent to which their Churches, artefacts and styles of worship reflect their Eucharistic beliefs.			
4.11	Ethical Option: How can we respond to world hunger?	Live Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by	worksheet (Foundation) • Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers	<ul> <li>worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Step Up To The Plate' by CAFOD to watch an animation outlining injustices within the global food system.
		<ul> <li>Ethical and philosophical options, for example:         <ul> <li>Ethical issues surrounding hunger and food security (with reference to Bishop Theotonius Gomes CSC, Bangladesh)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			Click <u>here</u> or search the CAFOD website for 'Food resources for young people' for CAFOD resources linked to food security, including references to food in scripture and CST.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
4.12	Artistic Expression Option: What can art teach us about the Eucharist?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Artistic expressions of the Last Supper and Eucharist: <ul> <li>The Life of Jesus Mafa: The Golden Bowl</li> <li>Last Supper by Dagnan- Bouveret, 1896</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>D7.4.3. Offer an interpretation of a relevant work of art, making links with Catholic sources, beliefs and practices related to the Eucharist. Compare and contrast it with another relevant artwork. Discuss what the makers could have intended to communicate and how effectively each conveys Catholic beliefs about the Eucharist.</li> <li>R7.4.4. Consider how their response to the artwork might influence how they think about the Eucharist and their practice</li> </ul>	<b>D7.4.3.</b> – Activities 4, 5 <b>R7.4.4.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.12 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'Southwark Romero Cross for GCSE RE' by CAFOD to watch a video about the Southwark Romero Cross, by the artist Fernando Llort, and consider what its depiction of the Eucharist says about El Salvador and the faith of its people.
4.13	Lived Religion Option: How to processions of the Blessed	in relation to it. Live Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find	<b>D7.4.4.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 4.13 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	Sacrament honour Jesus?	expression in the world, by studying		Year 7 Chapter 4     Activities answers	
		• Lived religion elements, for example:		guidance	
		<ul> <li>Cultural expressions of reverence for Christ's presence in the Eucharist, e.g. Blessed Sacrament and Corpus Christi processions from around the world</li> </ul>			
		Outcomes			
		<b>D7.4.4.</b> Investigate different practices inspired by Catholic Eucharistic beliefs (such as Corpus Christi processions) from around the world and assess the extent to which they are expressions both of Catholic beliefs about the Eucharistic and of a particular Christian community's culture.			
Assessment	Chapter 4: Desert to Garden			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Assessment answer booklet</li> </ul>	
				• Year 7 Chapter 4 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Knowledge quiz</li> </ul>	
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RECD	Key vocabulary	Year 7 Chapter 4     Key vocabulary quiz	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Key vocabulary</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				matching activity worksheet	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 4     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 4 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	
	Extended writing activity			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Assessment Answer booklet</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 4 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	
CHAPTER	5: TO THE ENDS O	THE EARTH			
Chapter 5				Year 7 Chapter 5     Knowledge     organiser	
5.1	Who was St Luke?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Those texts that show the significance of the Holy Spirit at key moments in Luke-Acts: Pentecost (Acts 2:1–12).</li> <li>The same evangelist was the author of both the Gospel of St Luke and the Acts of the Apostles.</li> <li>What scholarship suggests are the main theological emphases of the Gospel of</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.1.</b> – Activities 3, 5, 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Gospel of Luke Summary: A Complete Animated Overview' by BibleProject to watch a video giving an overview of Luke's Gospel.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		St Luke, particularly with reference to the role of the Holy Spirit in Luke-Acts. <b>Outcomes</b> <b>U7.5.1.</b> Identify what scholarship suggests are the main theological emphases of St Luke's Gospel			
5.2	Who is the Holy Spirit?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The meaning of the symbols of the Spirit (water, anointing, fire, cloud and light, the seal, the hand, the finger, the dove (see CCC 694–701)).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>R7.5.4. Consider the extent to which their own prayer life is Spirit-led.</li> </ul>	<b>R7.5.4.</b> – Activity 7	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.2 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'Holy Spirit' by BibleProject to watch a video explaining who is the Holy Spirit. Click here or search YouTube for 'The Symbols for the Holy Spirit' by The Religion Teacher to watch a video explaining the most common symbols for the Holy Spirit.
5.3	What role did the Holy Spirit play in Jesus' life?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Those texts that show the significance of the Holy Spirit at key moments in Luke-Acts: at Jesus conception (Lk 1:34–38); at his baptism (3:21–22); at the beginning of his ministry (4:18–19); at his resurrection and ascension (24:49–53).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.5.1. Identify what scholarship suggests are the</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.1.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.3 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		main theological emphases of St Luke's Gospel, describing those passages that show the significance of the Holy Spirit at key moments in Luke-Acts.			
5.4	What is the story of Pentecost?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Pentecost (Acts 2:1-12).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.5.4. Describe Luke's account of Pentecost (Acts 2:1-12)</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.4.</b> – Activity 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.4 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for 'Pentecost: Acts 1–7' by BibleProject to watch a video exploring the story of Pentecost. Click here or search YouTube for 'The Holy Spirit: Story of Pentecost for Kids' by Bible Kids to watch a video animating the story of Pentecost. Click here to download a PowerPoint that illustrates the story of Pentecost with photos that feature CAFOD's work globally.
5.5	Why is Pentecost important?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>Those texts that show the significance of the Holy Spirit at key moments in Luke-Acts: Pentecost (Acts 2:1–12); the beginning of the mission to the Gentiles (Acts 10:44-48).</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>'The mission of Christ and the Holy Spirit is brought to</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.4.</b> – Activities 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.5 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		completion in the Church' (see CCC 737). <b>Outcomes</b> <b>U7.5.4.</b> Describe Luke's account of Pentecost (Acts 2:1–12), explaining what the Church means when she teaches that the 'mission of Christ and the Holy Spirit is brought to completion in the Church'. (See CCC 737.)			
5.6	What does the Church teach about the Holy Spirit?	<ul> <li>Hear</li> <li>The Nicene Creed, Articles 8 and 9.</li> <li>Believe</li> <li>The Holy Spirit is the 'Lord, the giver of life,' the breath (ruah) of God, who was 'at work with the Father and the Son from the beginning' (see CCC 686), hovering over the waters of Creation.</li> <li>The Holy Spirit 'has spoken through the prophets' and inspires the authors of Sacred Scripture, both the Old and New Testaments (see CCC 105).</li> <li>The Holy Spirit is God, the third person of the Holy Trinity who 'with the Father and the Son is adored and glorified'.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.5.2. Explain what is meant when the Church teaches that</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.2.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 <b>U7.5.3.</b> – Activities 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.6 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>the Father and the Son from the beginning' (CCC 686), inspiring the authors of both the Old and New Testaments, making links with Article 8 of the Nicene Creed.</li> <li><b>U7.5.3.</b> Explain why the Church teaches that the Holy Spirit is God, the third person of the Holy Trinity, making links with Article 8 of the Nicene Creed and Gal 4:6.</li> </ul>			
5.7	What is the Church?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The Church is the Sacrament of communion with the Holy Trinity (CCC 738) and is the People of God (see CCC 781–786), The Church is the Body of Christ (see CCC 787–796), The Church is the Temple of the Holy Spirit (see CCC 797–799).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.5.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 <b>D7.5.1.</b> – Activity 7	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.7 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search the CAFOD website for 'The Church as Body of Christ' to read stories from CAFOD that explore ways in which the Church is the Body of Christ. Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'The Meaning of Body of Christ' by The Religion
		<ul> <li>U7.5.5. Explain why the Church is referred to as: the People of God (see CCC 781–786); the Body of Christ (see CCC 787–796); the Temple of the Holy Spirit (see CCC 797–799), making links with the doctrine of the Trinity.</li> <li>D7.5.1. Consider the claim that the Church can't be the Body of Christ if it is filled with sinners and construct a Catholic response to this.</li> </ul>			Teacher to watch a video explaining different meanings of the Body of Christ.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
5.8	What is the Sacrament of Confirmation?	<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The origins, rite, meaning, and effect of the Sacrament of Confirmation.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.5.6. Describe the rite of Confirmation (one of the three Sacraments of Initiation), explaining its origins, meaning and effects, making relevant connections between the Sacrament of Confirmation, Pentecost (Acts 2:1–12) and the symbols of the Holy Spirit.</li> <li>D7.5.2. Consider the claim that Confirmation is not necessary and construct a Catholic response to this.</li> </ul>	<b>U7.5.6.</b> – Activities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 <b>D7.5.2.</b> – Activity 7	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.8 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Bishop Barron on the Sacrament of Confirmation' by Bishop Robert Barron to watch a video of Bishop Robert Barron talking about some of the key points in his Confirmation sermon. Click <u>here</u> or search YouTube for 'Confirmation – Flame of Faith' by Archdiocese of Brisbane to watch a video giving an introduction to the Sacrament of Confirmation.
5.9	Why is the Sacrament of Confirmation important?	<ul> <li>Believe</li> <li>The gifts (Is 11:2-3) and the fruits (CCC 1832, cf. Gal 5:22-23) of the Holy Spirit.</li> <li>The Holy Spirit who was given at Pentecost remains with the Church, calling people into 'some definite service' in the Church and in the world (see YC 119, 205), sending them the necessary gifts (see 1 Cor 12:4-11) to carry out their vocation.</li> </ul>	<b>R7.5.1.</b> – Activity 7 <b>R7.5.2.</b> – Activity 8	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.9 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search the CAFOD website for 'Confirmation: The Holy Spirit resources' to access activities linked to Confirmation, exploring what it means to put faith into action and reflect on the presence of the Holy Spirit.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>Celebrate</li> <li>The origins, rite, meaning, and effect of the Sacrament of Confirmation.</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>R7.5.1. Reflects on the ways in which the Holy Spirit is active in their own life (see YC 120).</li> <li>R7.5.2. Reflect on their own gifts and begin to discern which definite service God may be calling them to in the Church and in the world.</li> </ul>			
5.10	Ethical Option: How should we live?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Ethical and philosophical options, for example <ul> <li>Ethical issues arising from the fruits of the Spirit versus works of the flesh (Gal 5)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>D7.5.3. Consider the claim that the widespread use of social media leads to envy and jealousy. Present arguments for</li> </ul>	<b>D7.5.3.</b> – Activity 7 <b>R7.5.3.</b> – Activity 8	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.10 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		learned about the fruits of the Spirit.			
		<b>R7.5.3.</b> Reflect on their own behaviour, and consider the extent to which it reflects the fruits of the Spirit or the works of the flesh (see Gal 5, YC 120).			
5.11	Artistic Expression	Live	<b>D7.5.6.</b> – Activities 6,	Year 7 5.11 Activity     worksheet	Click <u>here</u> or search for 'Pictures for the
	<b>Option: How is</b>	Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic		(Foundation)	feast of Pentecost, Year B' on the
	shown through art?	sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying		<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	LiturgyTools.net website for a collection of paintings and images illustrating
		Artistic representations of the symbols of the Holy Spirit, for example:			Pentecost. Click <u>here</u> or search for 'What Lies
		<ul> <li>Jesus Mafa Pentecost image</li> </ul>			Beneath: The Descent of the Holy Spirit on
		Outcomes			the Apostles and Mary at Pentecost by
		<b>D7.5.6.</b> Offer an interpretation of a relevant work of art, making links with Catholic sources, beliefs and practices related to the Holy Spirit. Compare and contrast it with another relevant artwork. Discuss what the makers could have intended to communicate and how effectively each conveys Catholic beliefs about the Holy Spirit.			Elizabeth Wang' on the Independent.ie website to read a short article about Elizabeth Wang.

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
5.12	Lived Religion Option: How is Pentecost celebrated in different countries?	<ul> <li>Live</li> <li>Pupils will be able to make connections between Catholic sources (Hear) and beliefs (Believe) and the way these find expression in the world, by studying</li> <li>Lived religion elements, for example: <ul> <li>How the feast of Pentecost is celebrated around the world</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>D7.5.5. Investigate the different ways Pentecost is</li> </ul>	<b>D7.5.5.</b> – Activity 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 5.12 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	
		celebrated around the world (e.g. Italy, France, Russia, Poland, Hungary) and assess the extent to which they are expressions both of Catholic beliefs about the Holy Spirit and of a particular Christian community's culture. (RVE)			
Assessment	Chapter 5: To the Ends of the Earth			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Assessment answer booklet</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RECD	Key vocabulary	<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Knowledge quiz</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Key vocabulary quiz</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Key vocabulary</li> </ul>	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
				matching activity worksheet	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 5     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	
	Extended writing activity			Year 7 Chapter 5     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 5 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	
CHAPTER	6: DIALOGUE AND	ENCOUNTER			
Chapter 6				Year 7 Chapter 6     Knowledge     organiser	
6.1	How have councils been important in the Church?	<ul> <li>Dialogue</li> <li>Councils of the Church meet from time to time to address theological questions.</li> <li>Councils make authoritative statements that clarify matters of faith and morals (dogma).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> </ul>	<b>U7.6.1.</b> – Activities 1, 2 <b>U7.6.2.</b> – Activity 3 <b>R7.6.3.</b> – Activity 5	<ul> <li>Year 7 6.1 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> or search for 'council (Christianity)' on the Britannica website to read about Church councils.
		<b>U7.6.1.</b> Describe and explain how Councils of the Church			

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		meet from time to time to address theological questions			
		<b>U7.6.2.</b> Describe and explain that Councils make authoritative statements that clarify matters of faith and morals (dogma) across time and their legacy is recognised by the Church.			
		<b>R7.6.3.</b> Thinking about the opportunities for dialogue and the barriers to dialogue. (RVE)			
6.2	What happened	Dialogue	<b>U7.6.1.</b> – Activities 2,		Click <u>here</u> or search
	at the Council of Jerusalem?	• Councils of the Church meet from time to time to address theological questions.	3 <b>U7.6.2.</b> – Activities 4a, 4b, 5		YouTube for 'Animated Bible Stories: The Council of Jerusalem- New Testament' by
		• The first of these councils took place at the time of the apostles. (The Council of Jerusalem. Acts 15, Galatians 2)	<b>R7.6.3.</b> – Activity 7		Animated Bible Stories to watch a video telling the story of the Council of Jerusalem.
		• Councils make authoritative statements that clarify matters of faith and morals (dogma).			
		Outcomes			
		<b>U7.6.1.</b> Describe and explain how Councils of the Church meet from time to time to address theological questions and that the first of these councils took place at the time of the apostles. (The Council of Jerusalem. Acts 15, Galatians 2)			
		<b>U7.6.2.</b> Describe and explain that Councils make authoritative statements that clarify matters			

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		of faith and morals (dogma) across time and their legacy is recognised by the Church.			
		<b>R7.6.3.</b> Thinking about the opportunities for dialogue and the barriers to dialogue. (RVE)			
6.3	Why are there so many Christian denominations?	<ul> <li>Dialogue</li> <li>Sometimes, groups have broken away from the Church as differences could not be resolved through dialogue, using one example, e.g., <ul> <li>First Council of Nicaea (325 AD) as a reaction to Arianism</li> <li>Council of Chalcedon (451 AD) as a response to the Nestorian crisis</li> <li>Council of Trent (1545– 1563) as a reaction to the reformers Luther, Calvin, Zwingli</li> </ul> </li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.6.3. Use accurate religious and philosophical vocabulary to show an understanding of how an inability to resolve differences has caused groups to break away from the Church in the past giving reasons for the cause of effects of such disagreement. (RVE)</li> </ul>	U7.6.3. – Activity 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d D7.6.5. – Activity 2 D7.6.1. – Activity 3 R7.6.1. – Activity 4	<ul> <li>Year 7 6.3 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click <u>here</u> to read a summary of the three main Christian denominations on the BBC Bitesize website.
		<b>D7.6.1.</b> Consider why there are different Christian denominations and investigate			

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		<ul> <li>the differences between their beliefs and Catholic beliefs. (RVE)</li> <li>D7.6.5. Use relevant sources of wisdom and authority appropriately as justification, examine the reasons why a council of the Church made a particular decision about a question of doctrine.</li> <li>R7.6.1. Reflecting on the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives, beginning to consider what they believe to be true and why they believe it. (RVE)</li> </ul>			
6.4	What is ecumenism?	<ul> <li>Dialogue</li> <li>'The desire to recover the unity of all Christians is a gift of Christ and a call of the Holy Spirit' (CCC 820).</li> <li>Outcomes</li> <li>U7.6.4. Define the term 'ecumenism' and describe ways in which Christians give witness to the ecumenical spirit (e.g. actions for social justice; prayer; dialogue; acknowledging the shared wisdom of Christian traditions; learning about and understanding the traditions of the Christian communities; living gospel values). (RVE)</li> <li>D7.6.2. Consider what needs to happen for Christian unity 'In word and deed we must obey Christ, who expressly wills "that</li> </ul>	U7.6.4. – Activities 1, 2 D7.6.2. – Activity 5 D7.6.3. – Activity 4 R7.6.2. – Activity 6 R7.6.3. – Activity 6	<ul> <li>Year 7 6.4 Activity worksheet (Foundation)</li> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Activities answers guidance</li> </ul>	Click here or search YouTube for '#PopeFrancis at ecumenical prayer in #SouthSudan: "A Christian always chooses peace"' by ROME REPORTS in English to watch a news report about the 2023 visit to South Sudan by Pope Francis, the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland to promote justice, dialogue and peace. Click here to read about ecumenism and ecumenical

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
		they may all be one" (Jn 17:21) YOUCAT 131			communities on the BBC Bitesize website.
		<b>D7.6.3.</b> Investigate ways in which Christians work together for the common good in their school or local community. (RVE)			
		<b>R7.6.2.</b> Considering how their own lives and the future of the communities to which they belong could be transformed by interreligious dialogue.			
		<b>R7.6.3.</b> Think about the opportunities for dialogue and the barriers to dialogue. (RVE)			
Assessment	Chapter 6 Dialogue and Encounter			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Assessment answer booklet</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Knowledge quiz</li> </ul>	
	Key vocabulary	All Key Vocabulary terms from the RECD	Key vocabulary	Year 7 Chapter 6     Key vocabulary quiz	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Key vocabulary matching activity worksheet</li> </ul>	
	Knowledge check			Year 7 Chapter 6     Assessment Answer     booklet	
				• Year 7 Chapter 6 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme	

Lesson	Title	RED content coverage	Activities covering the RED's expected outcomes	Kerboodle support	Further reading and resources
	Extended writing activity			<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Assessment Answer booklet</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Year 7 Chapter 6 Assessment answer guidance and mark scheme</li> </ul>	